GP Details including ODS if available.

qualifying information if unavailable.

Referring organisation or ICS logo

Reques	t for Oral Nutrition Su	upplement (ONS) Pro	escription
PATIENT DETAILS			•
Title: Patient's title Patient First name: Patient's forename Patient Surname: Patient's surname Telephone number: Patient's telephone number (preferred contact and NOK are usually available also)		NHS Number: Patient's NHS number Date of Birth: Patient's DOB Address: Patient's address Gender: Patient's gender	
Educational Establishment:	Name and address where availab	le in EPR, or by free text. Optic	onal (for paediatrics only).
ACTIONS FOR GP			
ONS name	Presentation	Dose	Frequency
Name of product	Product type	Scoops, bottles etc.	Doses per day
Total volume per 28 days	Swap for ICS formulary equivalent?	Date of planned review (if known)	Allow repeat prescription?
Volume in g or ml	Yes □ No □	DD/MM/YY	Yes □ No □
ACBS Criteria for ONS Requ	est: Drop down list of ACBS criter	ria for selection.	
FOLLOW UP			
Secondary care dietetic tear	m \square Referred to community d	ietetic team □ (Include a copy	of referral)
No dietetic follow up \Box (N.E	3., no repeat prescription, patient	t to self-screen every 3/12 and	see GP if concerned) *
Height: Patient's height W	ore: full data set and final score Veight: Patient's weight BMI: Finance (time) or centile change	Patient's BMI Centile: Patient'	_
Food Based Strategy Advise	ed: Yes 🗆 No 🗆		
Other nutritional advice: An	y provided to the patient by the	referring team. Imports from E	PR where possible.
GOALS			
Desired goals/outcomes; pa	tient centred treatment goal/evi	dence of shared decision makir	ng where possible.
MEDICOLEGAL			
Is the patient currently subje	ect to a DOLS authorisation Yes	□ No □	
Power of attorney for health unavailable.	n and welfare details? import who	ere specified. Set to state no qu	ualifying information if
Advance Care Plan Details: i	mport where specified. Set to sta	te no qualifying information if	unavailable.

Accessible Information Standard: coded value for reasonable adjustment and any free text details. Set to state no

CLINICAL INFORMATION

PMHx/Problems/ Diagnosis list (N.B. in a request for ONS, an appropriate malnutrition related diagnosis should be coded on the patient record as a requirement).

Allergies

Name (first name, surname): Lois Lane

Profession (specify job title): Specialist Renal Dietitian

Grade: Band 7

Professional Identifier: HCPC 123456

Contact: email teamrenaldietitians@nhs.net

N.B. this is an example of how to integrate a digital document, and your local design decisions may change the appearance, including layout and format.

Supporting Notes:

Green text denotes data typically available within an EPR, either as part of the PDS (Personal Demographics Service), PAS (Patient Administration System) or in the clinical module.

Purple text represents data that is not readily available as a piece of core information from the patient record. It is still possible to automate this into patient records or build capability to make these fields selectable from a set of pre-agreed fields e.g., types of ONS, dietetic outcomes etc.

* The <u>Patient Association Nutrition Checklist</u> is a free tool which was developed for use by patients to self-screen for malnutrition risk. It is mainly designed for use with people living in the community over the age of 65 years. There is also a version for use by healthcare professionals, and the tool has been validated against the MUST https://healthinnovationwessex.org.uk/img/projects/NutritionChecklist-MUST-EvaluationReport.pdf

There are other self-screening tools available which could be recommended to people who have been discharged from acute or community dietetic care.

Although making recommendation about clinical pathways of care is out with the scope of this implementation working group, we recognise that many dietetic services are looking for ways to discharge people who may no longer meet criteria for follow up or referral, or ONS prescription, but who wish to counsel their patients on how to identify changes in their malnutrition risk in the future. For this reason, we have included this useful advice from one of the stakeholder organisations who have implemented this approach with success.